civic pride and decency which this year presents itself for the determination of every voter of this metropolis. Our burdens have grown heavier year by year, our privileges and immunities have been more and more curtailed, until to-day it may be well said that the city of New-York is largely controlled by the thlef, the biackmaller and the thug. The private fortunes of numerous Tammany politicians have been built up by means of money unjustly extorted from the thrift of the rich and wrung from the hard earnings of the poor. The exposures made by the Lexow Investigating Committee have brought to light the festering corruption which pervades our municipal government. The evidence adduced before that committee presents a condition alarming, dishonorable and disgusting. Vocations, legitimate and liegitimate, have been forced to pay tribute to those who owe their official station to the influences of Tammany Hall; crime and vice have not only been fostered, but actually propagated, so that official panderers might add to their loathsome gains.

"We appeal to all the citizens of the city of New-York, regardless of party affiliation or inclination, to join with us in one determined and united effort to rescue our city from the corrupt influences of the despoliers of Tammany Hall.

"WE CORDIALLY APPROVE OF PRINCIPLES ADOPTED BY THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY, AND WHILE THE CAMDIDATE FOR MAYOR AGREED UPON IN CONFERENCE WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS, AND NOMINATED BY US, IS A REPUBLICAN, WE PLEDGE FOR HIM IN THE EVENT OF HIS ELECTION, AN HONEST, ECONOMICAL AND NON-PARTISAN ADMINISTRATION OF MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

"We pledge the support of the Republicans of the city of New-York equally to all the candidates upon the municipal ticket, be they Republicans or Democrats. We urge upon all voters in political sympathy with us and with those of our fellow-citizens of other organizations who have joined with us hard, unceasing work and constant vigilance until the last ballot has been counted and canvassed, to the end that our city may be red

FOR GOOD GOVERNMENT AND HOME RULE. This is the status of the Republican party in New-York City, standing firmly for good govern-ment and home rule for New-York and against every influence that may be exerted to prevent the full fruition of the great victory for reform won

The prospect is a hopeful one for the party in the State. The 30,000 added votes are enough to insure success in almost any contest. Their importance will be seen at once upon a brief review of the results of Gubernatorial elections for twenty years back. In that time but one Republican, Alonzo B.

back. In that time but one Republican, Alonzo B. Cornell, was elected Governor, and then the two Democrats who ran against him polled together 34.789 more votes than he. Then came Cleveland in 1882, with 182.534; Hill in 1885, with 11.134; Hill in 1886, with 11.134; Hill in 1886, with 19.171, and Flower in 1891, with 4f.937. In every year but 1882 the newly gained votes in this city would have brought victory.

In other parts of the State local issues or economic conditions more readily affect elections. In this city, at this time, the great and only issue is good government, as represented by Mayor Strong, the Committee of Seventy and Republicans adhering to the platform of their party. While that issue remains, if the Republican party continues true to its pledges, it holds the key to the political situation.

Recent disclosures of the corruption, extravagance and mismanagement which have pervaded the administration of the government of this city have aroused in the last thirty years.

NECESSARY LEGISLATION.

NECESSARY LEGISLATION.

Legislation is necessary to correct the system of government which has made these evils pos Among the bills before the present Legislature

on which action has been too long delayed, the important are:

on which action has been too long delayed, the most important are

1. Reorganizing the public schools.

2. Abolishing the present Tammany-appointed police justices, by creating new police magistrates to be appointed by the Mayor.

3. Reorganizing the Police Department.
Appeals have again and again been made to the present Legislature to take the necessary action, but so far without success.

The above statement presents the political situation in New-York City. It is practically the unanimous opinion of Republicans here that it is of vital importance, not only to good and honest government in this city, but to the Republican party, that the reform measures new before the Legislature should pass. If the servants of Tammany who still protect crime and vice in public office are permitted to remain, the Republican party will be held responsible.

The struggle is now in the Senate. There are no Republican Senators from New-York City Senators atturally listen to their own constituents. Will you not sign and get your neighbors to sign the accompanying petition, and send it to your Senator at once? Very respectfully.

Cornelius N. Bliss, S. V. R. Cruger, Elihu Root, Joseph H. Choate, George W. Lyon, Led Grand B. Cannon, John R. Van Wormer, Henry E. Howland, Henry W. Cannon, M. C. D. Borden, Edward Mitchell, John Claffin.

A form of petition has been attached to the address which Republicans in the various Senate

A form of petition has been attached to the address which Republicans in the various Senate districts throughout the State are asked to sign and send to their representatives at Albany. One hundred thousand signatures appended to this sensible and patriotic request ought to be received at the State Capitol before the end of the present week. the present week. Circulate the following:

PETITION.
Dated at......New-York.
To the Republican Members of the Senate and

Assembly:
The undersigned Republicans of the
Senate District respectfully request that you vote
and work for the passage of the reform measures
now before you relating to New-York City, as to
the reorganization of the Police Courts, the reorganization of the Police Department and the reorganization of the school system of that city.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE A RABBI. EXPLOSION OF A BOMB IN HIS PARLOR, WHERE

HE WAS ENTERTAINING GUESTS-ONLY ONE PERSON HURT. Cincinnati, April 2.-An attempt was made last

night to assassinate Rabbi Wise. A party was be-ing entertained in the parlor of his home, No. 55 plosion, followed by dense smoke and a shower of glass. All escaped injury save Mrs. May, the Rabbi's daughter, who was painfully cut by flying glass. Investigation showed that a bomb of gun-powder with a time fuse had been placed in a jardinière in the parlor.



Mr. Freeman H. Butler, a leading druggist in Lowell, is secretary of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy, a member of the Mass. Pharmaceutical Association and of the American Pharmaceutical Association. He says:

"Our sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are larger than those of any other on the market and it apparently gives goods satisfaction. It is cer-tainly a good blood purifier. It is wonderful how steadily and rapidly Hood's Sarsaparilia has grown in public favor. It was first offered for sale when scores of other medicines were in the market, but it has reached the front rank and stays there."

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye to-day. It feeds the nerves, tissues and organs on pure blood, and this gives perfect health.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

WE DON'T PROMISE to give you A NEW PA OF LUNGS. But WE DO GUARANTEE to be the old ones in first-class condition with

RIKER'S EXPECTORANT,

EXPRESS ROBBERS ARRESTED

UNITED STATES COMPANY THE VICTIM

THE CLEVER METHODS OF THE THIEVES DIS

A mysterious robbety, or rather a series of rob-

peries which began last June, was disclosed be-

fore Police Justice Potts in Jersey City yesterday when Herbert Harding, twenty-six years old, of No.

96 Newark-ave., and Clarence Warbeck, nineteen

years old, of No. 198 Essex-st., who is Harding's

cousin, were arraigned on the charge of robbins

the United States Express Company. They ad-

enable the police to arrest their accomplices, the

Ten months ago shippers by the United States

Express Company began to complain that goods sent by the company from various points were never delivered. The company investigated, and,

finding no trace of the packages, paid for them. But when finally they were called on to pay for a

package of jewelry valued at \$7,000 they put the matter in the hands of special detectives. They

had no clews to work on and could not find the

thieves, nor even learn at what point the goods disappeared. Then several bicycles were stolen

while in transit, and finally the detectives decided

that the goods disappeared from the company's office at the Communical freight station of the

This office was in charge of Harding, his cousin. Warbeck, being employed on one of the company's wagons. They reported to Manager William H.

Thompson, who told them to keep a special watch on Harding. They did this for some time, but

could discover nothing. Several packages that were reported missing after being received at this

office were shown to have left the office in regular order. They could not be traced further, however. Then the detectives concented themselves about the office by turns, and on Monday after-noon one of them solved the mystery. He saw

Harding, who waited till the office was apparently empty, abstract several C. O. D. packages from

a pile awaiting transmission. From these he

a pile awaiting transmission. From these he hastily tore the wrappers, put new wrappers upon them and redirected them. He was about to restore them to the pile when he was arrested.

When confronted with Manager Thompson, Harding admitted his guilt and implicated his coust. He said that he stole the packages and directed them to friends in other cities. Those friends sold the goods and divided the proceeds between him and Warbeck. The bicycles he had sent to friends, a list of whom he furnished, and those will probably be recovered. He also gave a list of the receivers of the stolen goods that were sold, but none of these will be made public until the persons implicated are arrested. Warbeck admitted his guilt, but denied that he had shared the profits. Manager Thompson refused to give the aggregate amount of the robberies, but it is believed that it will range from \$25,000 to \$49,000.

Binghamton, April 2-A gang of thieves that has

been engaged in the systematic robbing of the United States Express Company has probably been

broken up by three arrests made within the last

twenty-four hours. One occurred in Jersey City, the other in Franklin, N. Y., and the last was made by Detective Stephenson in this city last night, when he placed William S. Harding in the toils. At present there does not seem to be very much evidence that would convict Harding, but he will be probably turned over to the New-York authorities.

ties.

Harding lived with his wife and child at No. 6
Tidor-st. He is twenty-two years old, and he has
been employed by the United States Express Company. He came to this city a few weeks ago. The
warrant for arrest charges Harding with steading a
bloyde. At the police court this morning the prisoner was arraigned, but he did not plead to the
charge against him. The man arrested in New-York
is said to be Harding's brother.

COSTLY REAL ESTATE THIS.

THE PRICE WAS \$132 A SQUARE FOOT.

A PLOT AT LIBERTY AND NASSAU STS. SELLS FOR

\$1,250,000 PLANS FOR A FIFTEEN-

A piece of property in the lower part of the

terest to real-estate dealers within the last six

account, at a valuation which pleases everybeing who owns any land in that part of the city. Down-town merchants, bankers and brokers have long

been familiar with the corner of Liberty and Nos-

sau sts., occupied by the well-known stationery blank-book firm of Corlies, Macy & Co. The property was owned by a member of the firm, and was sold on December 26, 1894, to

Flake & Dowling, real-estate agents, who repre sented in the purchase the New-York Realty Company. The amount of the purchase price has been

variously stated as between \$95,000 and \$1,050,000. It is

understood, however, and on the best of authority

the December sale. Yesterday the report was given out that Flake & Dowling had sold this same property to a syndicate for \$1,250,000, which is an

dvance of \$200,000 over the highest price mentioned

au-st. is 79 feet 6 inches, in Liberty-st. 112 feet 7 inches, with the line on the west extending to feet 5 inches, and on the south 109 feet 5 inches. The

area of the plot comprises 9,358 square feet. Upo

plot is immediately opposite, in Nassau-st., to the old site of the New-York Postoffice, now occupied

by the new Mutual Life Insurance Company building

Commerce contemplated the purchase of the plot

so excessive to the governing powers of the Cham

One of the brokers connected with the first sale

was John Golding, who said to a Tribune reporter

yesterday that the purchase price, as stated here-

tofore, had been erroneous, although he was not authorized to give exact figures. He added, how-

ever, that in his capacity as a broker he had offered

\$1,169,000 for the property.

Charles A. Rich, of the firm of Lamb & Rich,

was seen at his home, No. 256 West Seventy-fourthst., last night by a Tribune reporter, and said: "It to

true that this property has been purchased, and on

May 1 the work of tearing down the old building and erecting a new one will begin. I am not at liberty

to tell you who the men constituting the syndicate are. That will be made public later. I will say,

however, that a fifteen-story office building will be put up and that the first floor in all probability will be designed for a bank.

"A peculiar feature of this new building will be

"A peculiar feature of this new building will be that it will be constructed with steel and glass as much as possible. In these days of twenty and twenty-five story buildings the question of light and air is of paramount importance. I am opposed to high buildings, and think even fifteen stories too high from an architectural point of view. To obviate as much as possible the difficulty of light we have designed this building so that the street elevations will have as much open glass-work as possible, the entire weight of the building being on steel columns. The first two stories will have a white marble front, the fluid columns of the building. The upper part of the building will be of light brick."

FINE ARTS FEDERATION ORGANIZES.

A meeting of the council of the recently formed Fine Arts Federation was held last night in the

Fine Arts Building, No. 215 West Fifty-seventh-st.

for the purpose of perfecting the organization. The

following delegates were present, representing the

following societies: Society of American Artists, John La Farge, Kenyon Cox and Will it. Low: National Academy of Design, Frederick Dielman,

Walter Shirlaw and E. Wood Perry; Municipal At

Society, Edward Hamilton Bell and James H. Ward; Architectural League, G. L. Heins, Russell

Sturgis and Frederick Crowninshield; New-York

Chapter of the American Institute of Architects. E. H. Kendall, A. J. Bloor and Henry Rutgers

Marshall; National Sculpture Society, Olin L. Warner and George B. Post; Society of Reaux Art Architects, Walter Cools, Charles F. McKim and Thomas Hastings, G. L. Heins acted as temporary chairman. The following were elected permanent officers; Russell Sturgis, president; G. L. Heins, vice-president; Frederick Dieman, secretary and treasurer.

LEGAL FIGHT FOR A FRANCHISE.

legal fight for the possession of a charter for an electric road from this city to Hamden was begun

New-Haven, April 2 - What promises to be a hot

It is understood that at one time the Chumber (

this basis the price per square foot is \$132.

The plot of ground is at the southwest f Liberty and Nassau sts. The frontage in Nas-

the former sale,

effort to secure the land.

months was sold yesterday, ostensibly on fin

Central Railroad of New-Jersey

mitted their guilt, and were remanded in order

the only swift, pleasant, and CERTAIN CURE for a COUGH or COLD, or any other disease of Throat or Lungs. Only 60 ets. a bottle, and your money back if it falls. Of your druggist—or at

RIKER'S, Sixth Ave., Corner 22d St.

CLEWS THAT LEAD NOWHERE. SIXTH-AVE. MU IDER MYSTERY DEEPER

THAN EVER. IMAGINATIVE COLORED PEOPLE THINK THEY

RECOGNIZE THE BODY, BUT CAN TELL, NOTHING DEFINITE-ROBERTA CURTIS

ALIVE IN BALTIMORE. No clew which seemed to be of much value to the letectives in a solution of the latest murder mystery was found pesterday. Several persons who thought they could identify the body of the murdered colored woman went to the Morgue and were permitted to look at the corpse, but there was no satisfactory identification. It was asserted last night that the police were still ignorant of the name of the woman whose mutilated body was found in front of the New-York Bank Note Company's building, in Sixth-ave., near Waverley Place, early Sunday morning. It was not known, of course, where the woman had been killed, and there was not the slightest clew to the murderer. of the New-York Bank Note Company the cloth with which the woman had been strangled. They playes of the company in cleaning steel plates, and that it was possible the murder had been committed by some person who had access to the company' empany, examined the cloth, and saw at one

ning. It was also certain that the cloth had no een used in the building. Further investigation arished the detectives that no person who had seen employed in the building could have had a hand in the murder. For a short time during the afternoon it seemed that the woman's name and intecedents were established, but the story told by a colored man, Robert B. Dedmon, who made the discovery of the woman's identity, was found on investigation to be worthless. Dedmon said the body was undoubtedly that of Mamie Needab, a young woman who had come to

New-York from her home in Virginia three years ago. She lived for a while, he said, with a sister until a week ago, she was employed as a cook by a Mrs. Foster, who had a flat at No. 899 Sixth-ave. The last time Dedmon saw her alive, he said, was at the cake walk in Madison Square Garden, menth ago. His testimony was corroborated Demous Sprotell, an expressman, who said that he had taken the Needab woman's trunk to the Penn went home to Virginia last fall. The men led the police Miss Needab's cousin, Mary Browning, Mary tol-the officer that she had gone to the Morgue with her mother in the morning and had seen at a glanover, said that Mamie Needab had also lived : No. 100 Sixth-ave. and No. 106 Sixth-ave., but quiry by a reporter falled to disclose any traccisiness purposes, and at No. 105 nothing was 80 Sixth-ave, was found to be that of the Broad way Rallroad Company's big power-house at Fit

fication of the murdered woman made yesterday by Medora Robinson, of Jersey City, who said ul character, but did not know her last her address G. W. Morton, a colored No. 14 Correlinet, said that last Saturday he was in Ibuval's restaurant in Sixth-door from Riesekersst, and saw a colored woman there quarrelling. The body, he looked like this woman Johnston, colored, of No. 147 West Twentyfourth st., another caller, said that on Friday or Saturday last he caw a colored man and woman going cast on Forty-second-st toward the Grand Central Station. The man had a big shiny black satchel, thed with a piece of clotheslins, and the woman had a bundle their up in the same way. He woman had a bundle their up in the same way. He described the man as a big rough, heavy-looking fellow, slightly darker than the woman. He was clean shaven, and dressed as though he had just come from the South Johnston said that the body in the Morgue resembled the woman.

ART FROM THE ORIENT SELLING CHEAPLY The second day of the sale of the Gisuke Mutsuo collection of Oriental antiquities and curios, at the American Art Galleries, Madison Square, South, attracted a fair gathering yesterday, and white prices ruled no higher than on Monday, bilding for some of he choice pieces offered was sharp and spirited. A en held over from Monday's sale, and with its companion, which was in yesterday's list, was put up, bringing the highest price of the day, \$40, the companion selling for \$28. An old Japanese broaze censer with an elaborately carved teakwood stand, was bid up to \$162.50, and three silk kakemonos by Hokussi, companion pleces, brought \$150. One of the most peculiar pieces offered was a sixteenth century iron war mask by Myochin, with date and signature incised. This sold for \$100, and a number of small broaze vases of Hindoo and Persian make sold at prices between \$25 and \$50. The aggregate for the day was \$2.848.

Some fine specimens of lacquer work will be offered at the beginning of to-day's sale, and a beautiful set of screens ends the list, the Baron M. you Brandt collection being offered to-merrow.

ALL DERTS PAID WITH INTEREST. An interesting bit of Wall Street news is that

in reference to the affairs of L. D. Alexander & Co., a firm which felt to the severest the financial noted with widespread regret in the Street. Since then every effort has been made by the partners to effect a thoroughly satisfactory actilement with their creditors. Mr. Alexander has sacrificed his library, plucing his unique collection of Waltondana on the market the other day, and in this and other ways the critice indebtedness of the firm has been paid off with interest. Otis Le Roy was the assignee. He and the firm represented by him have been much congratulated upon bringing their affairs so soon to a successful conclusion. noted with widespread regret in the Street. Since

RUIN AND MISERY

WHAT WILL BECOME OF THE YOUNG MEN OF THE DAY?

Cigarette smoking is one of the evils which is fast increasing among the young men of the period. It is an age of nervousness, nervous excitement, nervous weakness and debility is the growing malady of the day. Minds are over burdened in school, the pleasures of social life follow business worry, intemperance, sexual excesses or abuses over excite the already enfechled nerves and result in exhausting diseases or drains upon the nervous system.

It's a drag and a handleap to every young man to be a sufferer from nervous debility or weakness, low spirits, irritable temper, impaired memory, loss of will-power, and the thousand and one derangements of mind and body that result from perpicious habits often contracted through ignorance of nature's laws. The wreck of constitution, weakened vitality and manly power, following such habits would be a sorry ending to life in this spendid age of learning and labor. It will fast become an age of unsettled brains and shattered nerves unless our young men know themselvet.

To treach, re-claim and restore such unfortunates

know themselves.

To reach, re-claim and restore such unfortunates

nelectric road from this city to Hamden was begun in the court here to-day by G. S. Benham and others, who necured an injunction restraining the New-Haven and Centreville Street Reliway Company from laying tracks in Dixwell-ave. The Legislature of 1893 gave the latter a charter to run a line to Hamden, provided the road should be built and in operation in nine months. Benham and others got a charter from the same Legislature to run a line over the same route in case the New-Haven and Centreville Street Hallway Company failed to complete the work of building the road within nine months. The latter concern failed to complete the work of building the road within nine months. The latter concern failed to complete the work of building the road within nine months. The latter concern failed to comply with this provision, but is new at work on the line. The plaintiffs assert that their rivals have forfeited their charter and claim it for themselves.

NO MESSAGE FROM MORTON.

MAYOR STRONG DENIES A PERSISTENT RUMOR

EX-UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEY MITCH-ELL HAS NOT YET ACCEPTED THE PLACE ON THE POLICE BOARD OFFERED

HIM BY MAYOR STRONG.

Mayor Strong said yesterday that he had not yet received the resignations of Police Commission. ers Kerwin and Murray, nor had he asked for them. The Mayor's announcement that he had determined to remove these two Police Commissioners if they did not resign continued to be the prin-cipal topic in political circles yesterday, and was discussed by newspaper readers generally. The sentiment of the people, regardless of party prefer-ences, sustained the Mayor in the determination at which he has arrived. Little opposition to the removal of Messra Kerwin and Murray was developed yesterday outside of the clique whose movements T. C. Platt directs.

Great efforts have been made by that part of the Democratic press which furnishes the public with Mr. Platt's attacks upon the Mayor and the reform element of the party to create the impression that Mayor Strong's action in this matter will wreck the Republican party. In furtherance of this plan an evening paper yesterday printed a statement to the effect that Governor Morton had sent a verbal answer to Mayor Strong's letter, in-



EDWARD MITCHELL.

tary, Ashley W. Cole, at Mayor Strong's house No. 12 West Fifty-seventh-st. The substance of the supposed message of the Governor to the Mayor "If you remove the Republican Police Commis

sioners you will endanger not only all reform egislation, but the future of the Republican party

The story went on to give the Mayor's reply to the Governor, which was that he had made up his wind to remove Murray and Kerwin, and would

Mayor Strong was asked yesterday what truth here was in this statement. He replied that the story was in the main without foundation. It was true, he said, that Mr. Cole, the Governor's crivate secretary, had called on him on Saturday coing, but the purpose of his visit was to see egislature. Incidentally, the Mayor said, Co 'ole had remarked that the Governor hoped that to haviy action would be taken by the Mayor re-arding Police Commissioners Kerwin and Mursy, but nothing was said indicating that Colone night be endangered by the removal of these imissioners, or that the future of the Republi in party in the State would be imperilled. Mayor said, had been received by him.

Mayor Strong said yesterday that he had some succeed Mesars. Murray and Kerwin, but so far had offered the place to but one man

other Theodore Roonevelt or Joel R. Erhardt that

he would like them to accept places in the Police Board. It was believed however, that he intended to request Mr. Roosevelt to take the place.

Mr. Mitchell's decaden about accepting had not reached the Mayor when he left the City Hall at the end of the day's business yesterlay.

Edward Mitchell smiled pleasantly in his law office at No. 44 Wall-at yesterday when a Tribune reporter asked him if he was likely to accept the office of Police Commissioner, and then he said. That is a matter which I will not talk about at present. He politely but firmly declined to talk about police matters at all, but it was evident that the offer of the Commissionership had not been displeasing to him.

The decision of Mayor Strong to remove Police Commissioners Murray and Kerwin and appoint in their places Republicans who will co-operate heartly in efforts to reform the Police Department has pleased many members of the Committee of Seventy and has reconciled them to the passage of the Lexow bills for the reorganization of the department. Some of the mon who have been active in the reform work were not pleased when the Mayor declared himself in favor of a bjartisan Police Board, but the members of the Committee of Seventy are not willing to say anything that might be construed as adverse critisism of the Mayors views. The change of sentiment about the Police Resignature and we would have been willing to make a tack insting through next year in behalf of those bills, but the Mayor cut the ground from under our feet by his declaration in favor of a bipartisan Police Board, but the Mayor cut the ground from under our feet by his declaration in favor of a bipartisan Police Board is the plant of the Committee of Ten passed by the Legislature, and we would have been willing to make a mach insting through next year in behalf of those bills, but the Mayor cut the ground from under our feet by his declaration in favor of a bipartisan. Vollege will be clothed with pewers large enough to make a ment in the passed in their present form, if th

DID NOT WARN MAYOR STRONG.

THE GOVERNOES PRIVATE SECRETARY DENIES THAT HE CARRIED SUCH A MESSAGE. Albany, April 2.-Colonel Cole, Governor Morton's

private secretary, says that there is no truth what ever in a report to the effect that the Governor Sunday, to say to Mayor Strong that the proposed removal of Police Commissioners Murray and Ker-win would enlanger the future of the Republican win wound entanger the finite of the republican party in this State. Colonel Cole continued:

The Governor was not, and is not now, anxious about the future of the party. The party is able to take care of itself, but he does not desire to see discord in the Legislature, and was somewhat apprehensive that the summary removal of the Cemmissioners might tend to create friction at a time when a practical agreement had been reached in respect to New-York City legislation.

EX-SPEAKER FAUNCE SHOT BY A ROY. Camden, N. J., April 2.—While on the way to Milantic City this afternoon, as the train was passing through the suburbs of this city, John E. Faunce, ex-Speaker of the Pennsylvania Legislature, was shot in the neck by a bullet from a Flo-Faunce was sitting at the window of the car when

The train was not stopped at the time, but at the first station where a stop was made a telegram was sent to Hammonton for a physician to meet the train. At Hammonton a doctor was in waiting and came on board, ife did not attempt to remove the bullet from Mr. Faunce's neck, but the wound is not serious. ot serious. John Richardson, fourteen years old; Gilbert Hu-

bert, seventeen, and Robert Swain, sixteen, were arrested on the charge of having done the shooting. Richardson admitted firing the shot which struck Mr. Faunce, but said that he aimed at the wheels of the car as the train passed him. His foot slipped just as he pulled the trigger, the barrel of the ritle was thrown upward and the bullet went through the window of the car.

WILL SUE FOR AN ACCOUNTING.

Albany, April 2 - Attorney-General Hancock anpetitioners in the complaint brought against the International Postal Supply Company, of New-York, to bring an action in the Supreme Court for an accounting, but not an action for the ouster of President Matthew J. Dolphin. The company has a capital of \$2.090.000 and the petitioners are stock-holders, many of them residing in Syracuse. It Was Surprising!

The unfavorable weather did not keep the crowds away -all eager to obtain one of the Spring Suits and Overcoats-that everyone is talking about.

Such values never offered before.

Young Men's Sack Suits,

Sizes, 30 to 35 breast. Ages, 15 to 20 years.

Spring Weights and made to retail at \$12 to \$18.

25 styles-blacks, blues and fancies, Cheviots, Homespuns, Cassimeres and Worsteds.

Men's Silk-lined SPRING OVERCOATS,

This season's styles. The manufacturer meant them to be sold at \$20 to \$30. Cheviots, Undressed Worsteds and Diagonals, We are better equipped for serving you than we were last week. More clerks, more counter space, quicker deliveries.



DR. PARKHURST ON STRONG.

A RINGING INDORSEMENT OF THE MAYOR'S COURSE.

AN EQUALLY BINGING AND FORCIBLE DENUNCIA-ALBANY, WHO SEEK TO DEFEAT THE PEOPLE'S WILL

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst was the prin cipal spenker last night at a mass-meeting held in the interests of the Second Assembly District organization of the City Vigilance League at the thurch of the Sea and Land, Market-st. There was crowded attendance, and during Dr. Parkhurst's speech enthusiastic appliause was frequent. The chair was occupied by Thomas L. MacClintock, who, after opening the proceedings, was followed by W. G. Knox, who delivered an address upon the

Dr. Parkhurst, who was received with applause

by Parkhurst, who was received with applicate, said in part:

It is a funny thing that no scener do you kill one enemy, metaphorically of course, than another one pops up in his place. We had hardly congratualised outselves upon what we had accomplished on November 6 last when we discovered that there were other enemies to face, and other foxes just as foxy and other tigers just as tigery. (Applause.) Yes, I see you understand me. (Laughter and renewed applause.) For instance, we thought we were going to get rid of certain police justices, when there sprang up our enemies up the river, who for over three months have been depriving us of the fruits of victory. We gained a victory over Tammany Hall, and yet three months have passed away and this city is still under the power of Tammany Hall, and the victory has been filched away from us by the Crokerites and the Plattites, who have formed one solid alliance against us. But before long Alicany will find that the message that was sent to them from the voice of the mass-meeting at the Coper Union was a substantial fact, and we will continue to fight of way to a victory that shall be satisfactory and final in all respects, and which will give us that opportunity for the enjoyment of privileges as citizens we have rightly earned.

Even at this early period it was patent that the opinions of those present were thoroughly in according the content of the property of further the content of the property of the property of further the property of further the property of the property of further the property of further the property of the property of further the property of further the property of the property of further the property of the property of further the property of further the property of the property of further the property of the property of further the property of the prope

pinions of those present were thoroughly in with Dr. Parkhurst's, and his predictions of further ictories over corrupt officials were loudly cheer-Alluding to some of the reforms that had taken place in the city's administration, he said that never in his experience had he seen the streets of New-York in such clean condition. The citizens had to thank Colonel Waring for the improvement he had effected in the appearance of the city. nented also upon other changes for the better that had taken place since last autumn, not the least of which he observed was the urbanity and civility ow displayed by most of the heads of the various

now displayed by most of the heads of the various departments. He continued:

But we have not yet got police reconstruction, but it is coming. A few days ago I had an interview with the Mayor, and, although what passed between us was then conndential, the substance of it has transpired, so that I can now say with propriety that I am exceedingly gratified to know that the Mayor is going to clean out the Police Commissioners' department, and substiguic others in the places of Murray and Kerwin, Cheera, There is also another centre of officialism that is just as vicious now as it was three years ago, I refer to the District-Attorney's office. Why, you cannot get anything more out of the District-Attorney's office than you can out of a frozen oyster. (Laughter and applause.) If we cannot be met with the same cordial and sympathetic greating in the District-Attorney's office as elsewhere, it must be changed.

same cardial and sympathetic greeting in the District-Attorney's office as elsewhere, it must be changed.

Now, while I am not going to say anything against the members of the police force as individuals, I am bound to say that the Police Department at its apex is increasing, y tender and sensitive. The department, in its higher ranges, was never more corrupt than it is to-day, and there is no change in the animus which that department bears to us. Nor has there ever been a lime when there was a greater disposition on the part of the Detective flurcau to "pinch" a man and wring all the blood possible out of him. Briefly, the police force is not one whit better than it was three years ago.

Has it ever occurred to you what a peculiar thing it is that Platt and others of the same stripe have never formulated any charge against Mayor Strong reflecting upon his honesty of action or fidelity of purpose? It was no easy thing for Mayor Strong to step forward and sustain himself with the honor and equalimity he has done, and I have never yet seen the man who could say other than that all Mayor Strong had done had been for the best literest of this city. (Cheers.) He has not been unfailful to the parform upon which he was elected, and, instead of playing into the hands of Platt and Croker, as they thought he would, he has preferred playing into the hands of you and me. Let us dissemiliate throughout the State the biea that home rule in this State is necessary, and prolong the flant until we have swept out of sight this obstinate, dishonest, sellish band of politicians. But we are grateful to Mayor Strong, our municipal father, who is watching over the industrial, economic, social and inancial interests of this city, and, though he may blunder sometimes, for man is not infallible; though he may make mistakes in his methods and works at times, if ever there was a man who is sinking himself in the interests of his city, that man is William I. Strong.

Dr. Parkburst's peroration was received with lou! cheering, frequently r cheering, frequently renewed, and as he resumed

JOHN H. WALLACE LECTURES ON HORSES John H. Wallace, the veteran horseman, spoke on the influence of the Arabian horse on the thoroughbred and trotter of the present day. He showed the great improvement there is in the size of the modern horse and spoke a good word for the pacer. There was a large attendance, and the lecture was extremely interesting.

NO BAD EFFECT FROM THAT ANTITOXIN. The death of Bertha Valentine, of Williamsburg, from antitoxin poisoning, has resulted in bringing to light another case of polsoning. Jesse M. Hobiey, six years old, of No. 62 South Tenth-st., underwent an injection of the fluid at the hands of Dr. Franciscus, of No. 85 Tompkins-ave., while suffering from diphtheria some time ago. Almost immediately the child was seized with convulsions. The child's life D. LINDENBORN, Auctioneer.

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1,213 Bedford Ave., Bklyn., 484 Broad St., Newark. was despaired of, but he finally recovered. Dr. Franciscus says the child's condition was not the result of the injection. Both the New-York and Brooklyn Boards of Health have experimented on animals with antitoxin of the same lot as that employed by Dr. Kortright in the Valentine case, and have observed no deleterious effects.

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THE IOWA MULCT LAW SUSTAINED. DECLARED CONSTITUTIONAL BY THE STATE

SUPREME COURT. Des Moines, Iowa, April 2.-The Supreme Court, in an opinion filed to-day, sustained the constitu-tionality of the Iewa statute for the regulation of the liquor traffic, familiarly known as the

law." The opinion, which was written by Justice Beemer, was concurred in by the five Republican members of the court, while Justice Kinne, the Democratic member, filed a dissenting opinion. He pronounced the law unconstitutional and a bold attack upon the integrity of representative govern-The Mulct law was passed by the last Legisla'ure as a compromise measure between license and pro-hibition. Under its provisions prohibition remains

hibition. Under its provisions prohibition remains the general law of the State, but upon the petition of a majority of the voters of cities of over 5,000 population and of 55 per cent of the voters of counternaving no cities of that size, city councils and township authorities may impose a mulct tax of 500 and upward a year upon places where inquor is sold, the payment of this tax to be a bar to prosecutions under the prohibitory law. The constitutionality of the measure was attacked in the lower courts immediately after it became a law. The case decided to-day was entitled the State excited. It went to the Supreme Court from Polk County, when Judge Spurrier sustained the constitutionality of the law, but expressed the opinion that there was room for doubt.

VICTORY FOR DETROIT'S NEW HEALTH BOARD. Detroit, April 2.-Judge Hosmer, in the Wayne County Circuit Court, this morning issued a man-damus ordering Controller Moore to place \$22,000 in the hands of the City Treasurer, to the credit of the Health Board, to pay the temporary expense of the board until July I. When the Common Council refused to appropriate money for the expenses of the new Health Board, the Lexislature passed a bill directing the city to appropriate \$1200 for immediate use and \$50,000 a year thereafter. The Controller refused to draw a warrant for the amount, and mandamus proceedings were begun, which ended in a victory for the new Health Board today.

PASSED A SCHOONER BOTTOM UP. Pilot Alfred Mitchel, of the pilotboat James Stafford, No. 18, reports that at 10 a. m. yester-day, nine miles southeast of Barnegat, he passed a schooner of about 300 tons register, bottom up, apparently not long in that condition.

THE PORTUGUESE PRINCE RELEASED. The Prince Line steamer Portuguese Prince, which was ordered back to Quarantine on Monday, by Health Officer Doty, because the moster failed to report the death of a fireman on the voyage, was thoroughly overlinuled and disinfected yesterday. The Health Officer released her last evening.

TWO CAPTAINS RETIRE FROM THE SEVENTH. Albany, April 2.-Adjutant-General McAlpin has granted discharges on account of expiration of their crack 7th Regiment, Captain James T. Harper and Captain Eugene T. Kirkland.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10c. and 25c. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

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